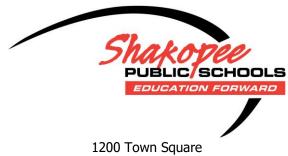
# **Special Education Parent Handbook**



1200 Town Square Shakopee, MN 55379





Special Education Parent Advisory Council (SEPAC)

Revised February 2015

# Special Education Parent Advisory Council SEPAC

- > The all volunteer council represents Special Education.
- Makes positive changes for our youth.
- > Works in coordination with the schools to make a difference.
- > SEPAC meets 6x/year, see website for meeting dates.



# **Parents Are The Key!**



If you are interested in being a member of SEPAC, please visit our website <a href="https://www.shakopee.k12.mn.us">www.shakopee.k12.mn.us</a> under Departments/Special Services.

Or call 952-496-5063



### What is Special Education?

"Special education" is instruction, specific to the child, at no cost to parents, to meet the unique needs of a child with a disability. **It is important to note:** Students with disabilities are general education students first. They receive special education support services in conjunction with the general education curriculum. Special education is an instructional service, **not** a place. Special education services must be reasonably calculated to allow the student to benefit from instruction. If the student is receiving benefit from the special education services, the student will progress at his/her own individual rate. A student who has a disability will always have the disability and would not be expected to progress in all areas at the same rate as his/her regular education peers.

## **Shakopee Special Education Mission Statement**

... to create a collaborative learning community that promotes the development of each learner's unique potential in an encouraging and respectful environment.

## **Special Education Goal Statements**

Learner Goals	Program Goals
The goal of the special education program is to promote independence and personal responsibility so the learner will:	The goal of the special education program is to provide the framework for effective program planning and service delivery so that:
demonstrate interpersonal skills necessary for healthy relationships and functioning in home, school, and community.	effective collaborations and transitions are planned and communicated within and between buildings, programs and community agencies.
2. demonstrate healthy physical and emotional awareness and the skills needed to be a self-advocate.	all learners have access to a full continuum of service delivery options that are consistent and appropriate.
3. demonstrate measurable, continuous progress in development of skills and strategies that generalize to academic and non-academic settings.	3. staff development practices are available, effective, and encouraged.

# What Special Education Is Not ...

- tutoring in regular education courses;
- an assurance that students will pass regular classes;
- a cure ... it assists in removing barriers caused by the disability but doesn't remove the disability;
- for below average academic performance alone;
- rehabilitation for a physical disability.

# The ABC's and XYZ's of Special Education

Many times professionals in the field of special education will use abbreviations or acronyms during conversations and meetings. This can be very confusing. Below is a list of common "shortcuts" you may hear.

ADD Attention Deficit Disorder

AD/HD Attention Deficit/Hyperactivity Disorder

ASD Autism Spectrum Disorder AT Assistive Technology

BIP Behavioral Intervention Plan

CD Conduct Disorder

COTA Certified Occupational Therapy Assistant

CSPD Comprehensive System of Personnel Development

DAPE Developmental Adapted Physical Education

DB Deaf-Blindness

DCD-MM Developmental Cognitive Disability -Mild to Moderate
DCD-SP Developmental Cognitive Disability - Severe/Profound

DD Developmental Delay DHH Deaf/Hard of Hearing

EBD Emotional or Behavioral Disorders
ECSE Early Childhood Special Education

EI Early Intervention

ELL English Language Learner ESY Extended School Year

FAPE Free Appropriate Public Education

FAS/FAE Fetal Alcohol Syndrome/Fetal Alcohol Effect IDEA Individuals with Disabilities Education Act

IEP Individualized Educational Plan
IFSP Individualized Family Service Plan

LEP Limited English Proficiency
LRE Least Restrictive Environment
OCD Obsessive Compulsive Disorder
ODD Oppositional Defiant Disorder
OHD Other Health Disabilities
OT Occupational Therapy

PDD Pervasive Developmental Disability

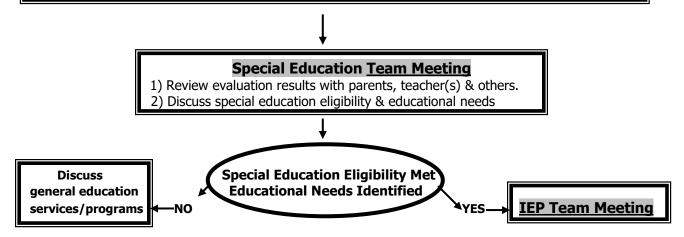
PI Physically Impaired PT Physical Therapy

SLD Specific Learning Disability
SLP Speech Language Pathologist
SMI Severely Multiply Impaired
TBI Traumatic Brain Injury
VI Visually Impaired

## **How Does a Child Qualify to Receive Special Education?**

#### Special Education **Evaluation Planning Meeting** and **Evaluation**

- 1) Discussion and sharing of info on all areas of concern for an Initial Evaluation or a Re-evaluation with teachers, support staff, parents. An Evaluation Team "Lead" is designated.
- 2) Develop the Evaluation Plan. Explain or send "Notice of Procedural Safeguards" to parent(s).
- 3) Obtain parent written permission on "Prior Written Notice for Evaluation/Re-evaluation".
- 4) Complete evaluation components and write "*Evaluation Report*" (within 30 school days).



#### **Evaluation Planning Meeting**

#### For Whom:

- When a student has <u>not</u> met with the level of success consistent with peers after levels of intervention, then the **Intervention Team (I-team)** may recommend a special education evaluation.
- A parent may make a referral for a special education evaluation. The special services facilitator will take the parent referral to the **Intervention Team (I-team)** to consider the documentation on the educational concern and determine the direction needed for the student.

#### Purpose:

- To discuss documentation collected on the student for an initial evaluation or on the need for a re-evaluation relating to academic, social/emotional, behavioral, health, communication, and/or intellectual areas, and
- To develop a special education comprehensive evaluation plan including tools, methods, and persons involved.

#### **Attendees:**

- Typically includes the building special services facilitator/school social worker, the parent(s)/guardian(s), the school psychologist, the classroom teacher, and special education staff as needed.
- Others may include the principal, other teachers, licensed school nurse, ELL teacher(s), American Indian Coordinator, Special Services Coordinator, Cultural Liaison, Chemical Health Specialist, etc.

#### **Evaluation/Re-evaluation**

#### **Purpose:**

- Review existing data on the student's current level of functioning.
- Document the existence of a disability.

**Timeline:** Must be completed within 30 school days of the parental consent.

**Outcome Options:** After the evaluation or re-evaluation is completed, a Team Meeting is scheduled.

- It might be found that the student does not have a disability.
- If a disability is found, an IEP will be developed.
- If parents disagree with the school's evaluation results, they can stop the process or request an independent educational evaluation.

#### <u>Individualized Educational Program (IEP) Team Meeting</u> or Individual Family Service Plan (IFSP) Team Meeting

**Purpose:** Develop the initial or annual IEP/IFSP. An IEP/IFSP addresses areas of need identified during the evaluation process. Components consist of:

- Present Level Statement(s)
- Measurable goals and objectives. A goal is a broad statement that targets identified educational needs. An objective describes more specific skills or steps that will be addressed to meet the goal. For students ages 3 to grade 8, the goals and objectives will address needs in the areas of: Intellectual/cognitive functioning;
   Academic performance; Cognitive development; Adaptive development; Functional skills; Communication;
   Emotional, social, behavioral development; Motor ability; Sensory; Health/physical. For students grade 9 and beyond, the goals and objectives will address needs in the transition areas of: Post-secondary education;
   Employment; Independent Living.
- Adaptations
- Special Education Services

**Timeline:** The IEP must be developed within 30 calendar days from the day special education eligibility was determined, and it must be completed and signed by parent(s) or student (if age 18 or older) before special services can begin.

#### **IEP Services**

**Special Education Services** means specially designed instruction by licensed staff, at no cost to the parents, to meet unique needs of a child who meets State eligibility criteria through an educational evaluation in one or more of the following areas:

- Speech or Language Impairment (SLI)
- Developmental Cognitive Disability: Mild Moderate (DCD-MM)
- Developmental Cognitive Disability: Severe-Profound (DCD-SP)
- Physical Impairment (PI)
- Deaf/Hard of Hearing (DHH)
- Visual Impairment (VI)
- Specific Learning Disability (SLD)
- Emotional or Behavioral Disorder (EBD)
- Deaf-Blindness (DB)
- Other Health Disability (OHD)
- Autism Spectrum Disorders (ASD)
- Developmental Delay (DD) Birth to Age 7
- Traumatic Brain Injury (TBI)
- Severe Multiple Impairments (SMI)

**Related Services** are **only** provided if it is determined the child would not be able to meet their instructional goals or make progress without this service. Related services cannot be provided unless the student is already receiving a special education service in a disability area, such as a learning disability. Related services may include one or more of the following:

- Audiology Services
- Counseling Services
- Occupational Therapy
- Orientation & Mobility
- Physical Therapy
- Psychological Services
- Recreation
- School Nurse Services
- Special Transportation
- Speech Language Pathology
- Social Work Services

#### **Other Services** may include:

- **Assistive Technology** (tools/devices/equipment to support learning)
- **Transition Services** (beginning during grade 9 and beyond)

# Individualized Education Program (IEP) Meeting Guidelines

IEP Team Members: Parent(s), Student (if 14 yrs. or older), Special Education Teacher(s), General Education Teacher(s), Representative of the District, and others as needed.

Notes are taken at the meeting and included in the Prior Written Notice / Parent Consent form that is sent home for review and signature.

Parents are given a copy of the <u>"Notice of Procedural Safeguards: Parental Rights for Public School</u> Special Education Students"

- **A. INTRODUCTIONS.** Those in attendance introduce themselves with NAME TITLE ROLE/Relationship (connection to the student).
- **B. PURPOSE.** Meeting purpose stated (annual/initial/interim, significant change, etc.).
- **C. IEP.** The last IEP or a WORKING COPY of the new IEP may be used as a guide. Take note of how much detail the parent(s) and other team members would like/need.
  - o Review to assure that student/family information is current.
  - o GOALS. Discuss student's present level in relation to the need(s)/goal(s). Teachers and parents give input. Goals may be presented in general terms. (i.e. X will have a reading goal that will focus on reading comprehension, --- etc). May not need to read every objective if summarized goal is sufficient for parent understanding.
  - Discuss Adaptations needed for the student to be successful in the classroom(s).
     Discuss Accommodations/Modifications needed for state and district assessments.
  - Discuss services, location of services, service providers, and start/end date. Review Least Restrictive Setting (LRE) and Extended School Year (ESY).

#### D. SUMMARY.

- o Other ... Medical Assistance (MA) ... Concerns ... Questions?
- Timeline and procedure for sending the IEP and the signature page home (through mail or with student?) and returning it.



# Individualized Family Service Plan (IFSP) Meeting Guidelines

IFSP Team Members: Parent(s), Service Coordinator, District Representative, and others as needed.

Notes are taken at the meeting and included in the Prior Written Notice / Parent Consent form that is sent home for review and signature.

Parents are given a copy of the <u>"Notice of Procedural Safeguards: Parental Rights for Early Childhood</u> Special Education Students"

- **A.** <u>INTRODUCTIONS.</u> Those in attendance introduce themselves with NAME TITLE ROLE/Relationship (connection to the student).
- **B. PURPOSE.** Meeting purpose stated (annual/initial/interim, significant change, etc.).
- **C.** <u>IFSP.</u> The last IFSP or a WORKING COPY of the new IFSP may be used as a guide. Take note of how much detail the parent(s) and other team members would like/need.
  - o Review to assure child/family information is current.
  - (Family Thoughts) Discuss parent concerns, wants and needs; update progress/medical changes of child, etc.
  - (Planning) Meeting date and time, possible people on the team, and the meeting agenda.
  - Goals. Discuss student's present skills in relation to the need(s)/goal(s)/outcomes.
     Teachers and parents give input. Goals may be presented in general terms. May not need to read every outcome if summarized goal is sufficient for parent understanding.
  - Team Pages. Discuss services, service providers, and frequency of services. Discuss home-based service model. Include ECFE services as a possible part of the programming as well as other appropriate professionals working with the child and family.
  - Action Page. Discuss any additional information that is not documented elsewhere in the plan. Review the service coordinator and his/her role.
  - Other Data Page. Discuss location(s) of service, federal setting, and Least Restrictive Environment (LRE). Review initial referral information. Obtain parent signature.

#### D. **SUMMARY**.

- o Other ... Medical Assistance (MA) ... Concerns ... Questions?
- Review the process for completing the IFSP paperwork. Schedule the first home visit to review the finalized IFSP and sign it if in agreement.

#### 181.9412 SCHOOL CONFERENCE AND ACTIVITIES LEAVE.

Subdivision 1. **Definition.** For purposes of this section, "employee" does not include the requirement of section 181.940, subdivision 2, clause (1).

Subdivision 1a. **Foster child.** For the purpose of this section, "child" includes a foster child.

Subdivision 2.

**Leave of 16 hours.** An employer must grant an employee leave of up to a total of 16 hours during any 12-month period to attend school conferences or school-related activities related to the employee's child, provided the conferences or school-related activities cannot be scheduled during non-work hours. If the employee's child receives child care services as defined in section 119B.011, subdivision 7, or attends a prekindergarten regular or special education program, the employee may use the leave time provided in this section to attend a conference or activity related to the employee's child, or to observe and monitor the services or program, provided the conference, activity, or observation cannot be scheduled during non-work hours. When the leave cannot be scheduled during non-work hours and the need for the leave is foreseeable, the employee must provide reasonable prior notice of the leave and make a reasonable effort to schedule the leave so as not to disrupt unduly the operations of the employer.

Subdivision 3.

**No pay required; substitute of paid leave.** Nothing in this section requires that the leave be paid; except that an employee may substitute any accrued paid vacation leave or other appropriate paid leave for any part of the leave under this section.